

7th Grade Student Proficiency Report: SPANISH

Student Name Language SPANISH Teacher School District Date

LISTENING ABILITY Your child's listening ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ INTERMEDIATE LOW

■ INTERMEDIATE MID

■ INTERMEDIATE HIGH

■ ADVANCED LOW

ADVANCED MID

- Understands familiar questions, commands and statements in a limited number of content areas
- Understands questions and statements in new content areas with strong contextual support.
- Follows information that is being given at a fairly normal rate.
- Understands most sentence-level speech in new contexts at a normal rate of speech although slow-downs may be necessary for unfamiliar topics.
- Carries out commands.
- · Understands longer stretches of connected speech on a number of topics at a normal rate of speech.
- Seldom has problems comprehending topics related to everyday life and familiar subject area content
- (Can request clarification verbally.)
- Understands main ideas and many details in connected speech on topics of personal interest and school-based subjects
- Understands main ideas and most details in connected speech on a variety of topics, but may be unable to follow complicated speech.
- May have difficulty with highly idiomatic speech

SPEAKING ABILITY Your child's speaking ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ NOVICE HIGH

Partial ability to

■ INTERMEDIATE LOW

Sustained but minimal ability to

create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences sentences

ask and answer questions handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language

- Uses vocabulary from everyday topics and subject area content to provide basic information.
- Uses memorized expressions with ease and
- Can respond in intelligible sentences most of the time but does not sustain sentence-level speech
- Sentences may not always contain the proper verb formations, and other grammatical inaccuracies may be present.
- May revert to the use of English when foreign language words cannot be retrieved or when dealing with unfamiliar topics

create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of

ask and answer questions handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language

- Has basic vocabulary for making statements and asking questions to satisfy basic social and academic needs, but not for explaining or elaborating on them.
- Can maintain simple conversations at the sentence level by creating with the language, although in a restrictive and reactive manner.
- Handles a limited number of everyday social and subject content interactions.
- Uses a variety of common verbs in present tense (formations may be inaccurate)
- Other verb tenses/forms may appear but are not frequent.
- The listener may be confused by this speech due to the many grammatical inaccuracies.

■ INTERMEDIATE MID

Confident ability to

create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences & strings of sentences ask and answer questions

handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language

- Has basic vocabulary to permit discussions of a personal nature and subject area topics.
- May attempt circumlocution when appropriate vocabulary is missing.
- Maintains simple sentence-level conversations.
- May initiate talk spontaneously without relying on questions or prompts.
- May attempt longer, more complex sentences, including the use of basic sentence connectors (e.g., and, but, however)
- Uses an increasing number and variety of
- Verbs are mostly in present tense although awareness of other verb tenses (future/past) and forms may be evident.
- Meaning is generally clear in spite of some grammatical inaccuracies.

■ INTERMEDIATE HIGH

Partial ability to

converse freely on autobiographical topics as well as issues related to daily living (in school, home, community) describe and narrate across the major timeframes of present, past and future speak in paragraph-length utterances have good control of basic structures and vocabulary to be understood without difficulty by native speakers, including those unaccustomed to language learners

- Has a broad enough vocabulary for discussing simple social and academic topics in generalities, but may lack detail.
- Sometimes achieves successful circumlocution when precise word is lacking.
- Initiates and sustains conversations by using language creatively.
- Shows a developing but not sustained ability to use paragraph-level speech with connected sentences (e.g., then, so, that, etc.) in descriptions and narrations
- Control of present tense is solid but patterns of breakdown appear in past & future timeframes
- Grammatical inaccuracies are still present.

READING ABILITY Your child's reading ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ INTERMEDIATE LOW

- Can understand some information from the simplest connected texts dealing with a limited number of personal and social needs.
- There may be frequent misunderstandings.
- Readers will be challenged to understand connected texts of any length.

INTERMEDIATE MID

- Can understand short, non-complex texts that convey basic information and deal with personal and social topics to which the reader brings personal interest or knowledge.
- Reader may get some meaning from short, connected texts featuring description and narration, dealing with familiar topics.

■ INTERMEDIATE HIGH

- Can understand fully and with ease noncomplex texts that convey basic information and deal with personal and social topics to which the reader brings personal interest or knowledge.
- Can understand some connected texts featuring description and narration although there will be occasional gaps in understanding due to a limited knowledge of vocabulary, structures and writing conventions of the language.

ADVANCED LOW

- Can understand conventional narrative and descriptive texts with clear underlying structure though their comprehension may be uneven. Texts predominantly contain highfrequency vocabulary and structures.
- Can understand the main ideas and some supporting details primarily from situational and subject matter texts.
- Is challenged in comprehending more complex texts.

Writing Ability your child's writing ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

■ INTERMEDIATE LOW

Sustained but minimal ability to

create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences

ask and answer questions meet limited practical writing needs

- Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral language
- Sentences are almost exclusively in present time and generally have repetitive structure
- Topics are highly predictable content areas and personal information
- Vocabulary is adequate to express elementary
- There are basic errors in grammar, word choice, spelling, punctuation
- Writing is generally understood by native readers used to the writer of non-natives.

□ INTERMEDIATE MID

Confident ability to

create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences & strings of sentences ask and answer questions meet limited practical writing needs

- Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral
- Sentences are almost exclusively in present time but may begin to show evidence of past and future time and generally have repetitive structure
- Topics are highly predictable content areas and personal information
- Vocabulary is adequate to express elementary
- There are basic errors in grammar, word choice, spelling, punctuation
- Writing is generally understood by native readers used to the writer of non-natives.

■ INTERMEDIATE HIGH

Partial ability to

write factual narratives, descriptions and summaries

narrate and describe in major timeframes, using elaboration and clarification write with good control of high frequency structures and vocabulary

- Writes compositions and simple summaries related to school subjects and school and personals experiences
- Narrates and describes in different timeframes when writing about everyday events, situations and content of school subjects
- Writing is often, but not always, of paragraph
- · Vocabulary, grammar and style closely resemble how the student speaks
- Writing is generally understood by natives not used to the writing of non-natives.

ADVANCED LOW

Sustained but minimal ability to

write factual narratives, descriptions and summaries

narrate and describe in major timeframes, using elaboration and clarification write with good control of high frequency structures and vocabulary

- Can meet basic academic writing needs.
- Writes narrations and descriptions using all timeframes with some control of aspect (precision of particular verb tense)
- Combines and links sentences into paragraph length and structure
- Incorporates a limited number of cohesive devices but may evidence some redundancy and awkward repetition.
- Relies on speaking patterns and the writing of first language to express written thought.